Africa: Moving from Potential to Action

The Second Session
March 18 – 22, 2015
About African Leadership Academy Model African Union (ALAMAU)

African Leadership Academy Model African Union (ALAMAU) is a simulation of the African Union, providing a platform for young leaders to explore the inner workings of the African Union, and to practice international diplomacy by assuming the roles of African leaders. This conference affords delegates the opportunity to study complex African issues, understand the interests and positions of African countries, and learn to negotiate without compromising national interests, while celebrating diversity and promoting unity.
Dear ALAMAU 2015 Delegates,

On behalf of the Founders, Board of Trustees, staff and students of the Academy I am delighted to welcome you to the second session of the African Leadership Academy Model African Union (ALAMAU). We are glad that you have made the decision to attend this prestigious conference, aligning yourselves with other progressive youth from around the world to brainstorm about some of Africa’s current challenges. We hope that you will propose solutions that your generation will help to implement as we work towards ensuring the sustainable development of our treasured continent.

When this conference was conceived as an idea two years ago, we instantly supported the vision and dedicated resources to its actualisation because of our firm belief in the power of youth. At ALA, we believe that young people can dream big, take action and change the world. We have seen that consistently through the work that our young leaders deliver on our campus daily including in the planning of this conference. Our young leaders have worked tirelessly over the past 12 months to design, develop and deliver a truly world-class event that enables passionate youth from across the globe to focus attention on transforming Africa through diplomatic activities.

As you spend the next few days engaging with your peers, learning from experts and discovering new cultures, I hope that you will keep in mind that your work is valuable. Do not underestimate the importance of the learning that occurs at conferences like this, and do not doubt that the ideas you develop here have the potential to transform Africa. We are excited to continue to host this conference because we believe in you, and we are looking to you to be the torchbearers for your generation. Africa needs your energy, your optimism and your idealism, and we are positive that you will usher in an era of lasting peace and prosperity around the continent.

Best wishes for a successful conference.

Sincerely,

Uzo Agyare-Kumi
Dean
African Leadership Academy
Dear Delegates & Faculty Advisors,

Welcome to ALAMAU 2015. It gives me great honour to finally welcome you to the conference that we have all been anxiously waiting for.

Two years ago, ALAMAU was a mere vision of having a focus on the African continent and especially the African Union. This conference was established because we realized that while many of us have the desire to experience Model United Nations conferences, we hardly take the time to look closer home and improve our own continental organisations.

After the success of the inaugural session discussing our ‘Shared Challenges and Common Solutions’, we look forward to taking this year’s conference to greater heights as we seek to create a more collaborative and vibrant pan-African community. That is why this year we look towards taking action to see our continent rise to its full potential; we are ‘Africa: Moving from Potential to Action’.

It has been said by many before that our continent has tremendous potential but the challenge is how we utilise this potential to see Africa grow; this is a challenge that we must definitely tackle. It is a challenge that you will tackle, as you represent a nation and its people in voicing the path that Africa must take to succeed. At this conference, you are no longer representing your singular view, but those of millions of people. In doing so, it is an opportunity for you as a delegate to understand the complexity of diplomacy on this continent and the ways in which we, as youth, can develop a model that strengthens the African Union. You should take this time to understand the diversity that exists within the views of different nations, not only to build common goals but also to implement action steps towards achieving our development objectives.

Faculty Advisors, we look forward to the engaging discussions we shall have around how we can play our part in building a better Africa. This is an opportunity to bounce ideas off each other on how the older generation can pave the path for future generations to continue the great work that has already begun.

Our conference goes the full length to ensure that you leave with more pan-African ideas than you ever had, as you sit down with diplomats, tour the city of Johannesburg and immerse yourself in our Pan-African Cultural Night. Therefore I hope that you have come fully prepared for the discussions in your committee sessions and the events that await.

Once again, welcome to ALAMAU 2015.

Sincerely,

Arnold Nteranya Sanginga

Chairperson
ALAMAU 2015
Conference Schedule

**Wednesday March 18, 2015**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>06:00 – 14:30</td>
<td>Arrivals and Check-In</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:30 – 15:30</td>
<td>Lunch</td>
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<tr>
<td>15:30 – 16:30</td>
<td>Registration and Tour of ALA</td>
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<tr>
<td>16:30 – 17:30</td>
<td>Delegates Welcome &amp; Faculty Advisor Reception</td>
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<tr>
<td>18:00 – 20:00</td>
<td>Opening Ceremony</td>
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<td>20:30 – 21:30</td>
<td>Dinner</td>
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**Thursday March 19, 2015**

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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>07:00 – 08:00</td>
<td>Breakfast</td>
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<tr>
<td>08:00 – 08:30</td>
<td>Delegates Training Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>08:45 – 09:30</td>
<td>Expert Sessions in Committees</td>
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<tr>
<td>09:30 – 12:00</td>
<td>First Committee Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 – 13:00</td>
<td>Lunch</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:30 – 16:30</td>
<td>Second Committee Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:00 – 16:00</td>
<td>First Faculty Advisor Learning Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>16:30 – 17:00</td>
<td>First Concurrent Faculty &amp; Delegate Feedback Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>17:00 – 20:00</td>
<td>Diplomatic Reception &amp; Roundtable</td>
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<td>20:00 – 21:00</td>
<td>Dinner</td>
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**Friday March 20, 2015**

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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
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<tr>
<td>07:00 – 08:00</td>
<td>Breakfast</td>
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<tr>
<td>08:00 – 08:30</td>
<td>Delegates Training Session (Resolution Drafting)</td>
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<tr>
<td>08:30 – 09:30</td>
<td>Resolution Drafting</td>
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<tr>
<td>09:30 – 12:00</td>
<td>Third Committee Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>09:30 – 11:30</td>
<td>Second Faculty Advisor Learning Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 – 13:00</td>
<td>Lunch</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:00 – 13:30</td>
<td>Group Photographs</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:30 – 16:30</td>
<td>Fourth Committee Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:00 – 15:30</td>
<td>Third Faculty Advisor Learning Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>16:30 – 17:30</td>
<td>Preparation for the Assembly of Heads of State &amp; Government</td>
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<tr>
<td>17:00 – 17:30</td>
<td>Press Conference</td>
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<td>17:30 – 18:30</td>
<td>Dinner</td>
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<tr>
<td>19:00 – 21:30</td>
<td>Cultural Night</td>
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**Saturday March 21, 2015**

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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
<th>Event</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>07:00 – 07:45</td>
<td>Breakfast</td>
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<tr>
<td>08:00 – 12:00</td>
<td>Assembly of Heads of States &amp; Government</td>
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<tr>
<td>09:00 – 11:00</td>
<td>Fourth Faculty Advisor Learning Session</td>
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<tr>
<td>12:00 – 13:00</td>
<td>Lunch</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:00 – 18:00</td>
<td>Explore Jo'burg</td>
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<tr>
<td>19:00 – 20:00</td>
<td>Dinner</td>
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<tr>
<td>20:00 – 22:00</td>
<td>Delegates’ Party</td>
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**Sunday March 22, 2015**

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<tr>
<th>Time</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>07:00 – 08:00</td>
<td>Breakfast</td>
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<tr>
<td>09:00 – 10:00</td>
<td>Entrepreneurial Leadership Bootcamp</td>
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<tr>
<td>10:00 – 11:00</td>
<td>Presentation on ALA Programmes</td>
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<tr>
<td>11:00 – 13:00</td>
<td>Closing Ceremony</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:00 – 13:30</td>
<td>Group Photographs</td>
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<tr>
<td>13:30 – 14:30</td>
<td>Lunch at ALA</td>
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<tr>
<td>14:30 – 20:00</td>
<td>Shopping &amp; Departures</td>
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Faculty Advisor Program

There will be a number of mandatory activities for faculty advisors throughout the conference. Advisors are invited for a welcome reception with the Dean of African Leadership Academy at 16h30 on Wednesday March 18, 2015. There will also be three sessions in the faculty advisor learning series, one peer learning session and two feedback sessions. Advisors should take notes of all these sessions which will be held in the faculty advisor lounge. Advisors are free to observe their delegates in committee sessions when there is nothing scheduled in the advisor programme.

Dress Code

Delegates are required to be dressed in either Western Business Attire or traditional African attire during committee sessions. Western Business Attire for men consists of dress suits, dress shirts, dress pants, ties and dress shoes. Denim, t-shirts, sneakers and sandals are not permitted. Ladies are expected to be dressed in pant suits, skirt suits, dress gowns, blouses with skirts or pants and dress shoes. Clothes that expose excessive bare skin or are otherwise revealing are deemed inappropriate.

Assembly of Heads of State and Government

ALAMAU 2015 will simulate the African Union’s Assembly of Heads of State and Government in a single plenary session to discuss all of the resolutions passed in individual committees and develop a comprehensive conference-wide action plan. Delegates might have their country assignments reshuffled to ensure that all member states of the African Union are represented in the Assembly. All delegates will be expected to participate in the session. Details about the Assembly will be discussed at a briefing at 16h30 on Friday March 20, 2014.

Cultural Night

All delegates and advisors are invited to participate in the Cultural Night on Friday March 20, 2015. Attendees are encouraged to be dressed in traditional African attire (or any attire that symbolizes their home countries or countries of residence). Delegates wishing to perform a dance, sing a song, recite a poem or engage in any cultural demonstrations are welcome to notify the administrative team ahead of time and they will be placed on the schedule. Delegates are also welcome to bring little mementos from their countries to share with other delegates.

Tour of Johannesburg

All delegates and advisors are invited for a tour of Johannesburg from 13h00 – 18h00 on Saturday March 21, 2015. There will be two separate tour groups: one to the Apartheid Museum and the other to Soweto; both tour groups will converge at the Sandton City Mall and Nelson Mandela Square. The Apartheid Museum documents the dark history of the Apartheid era in South Africa and showcases highlights of the life of Nelson Mandela. Soweto is a suburb in Johannesburg that was often the centre of the black South African struggle during the Apartheid era, and was the home of prominent leaders like Nelson Mandela and Desmond Tutu.

Delegates’ Party

Delegates are invited to celebrate the hard work done at ALAMAU 2015 at a party to be held from 19h30 – 22h00 on Saturday March 21, 2015. Delegates are encouraged to be casually dressed for the party.

Internet Usage

There will be wireless internet connectivity for all delegates and advisors on the campus of African Leadership Academy and at Glenburn Lodge Country Estate. Passwords will be given out where necessary.

Badges and Placards

All delegates and advisors are encouraged to wear their conference badges throughout the duration of the conference. Delegates are also advised to keep their placards safely and have them in use for every committee session; delegates without placards will not be permitted to participate in committee sessions. In the event of the loss of either placards or badges, delegates must contact the administrative team as quickly as possible.

Health and First Aid

In the event of a health emergency, delegates are required to notify a member of the ALAMAU staff immediately. There will be trained First Aid personnel at African Leadership Academy and Glenburn Lodge Country Estate to attend to First Aid needs, should that be required. If a case requires referral to a hospital, the delegate will be referred to the closest hospital.

Security

ALAMAU will do everything possible to guarantee the safety and security of all conference participants; however delegates must take all necessary caution to keep themselves safe. No delegates should leave the conference premises without notifying the administrative staff. All delegates are advised to have all personal belongings securely locked. Delegates should also avoid ostentatious display of personal effects. In the event of an emergency, please immediately contact Mr. Faith Abiodun at 078 644 2649.

Other emergency numbers to keep in mind are:

- ALA Switchboard – 011 699 3000
- ALA Security Office – 011 699 3061
- South African Police – 10111
- Ambulance – 10177
- Wilgeheuwel Hospital – 011 796 6519
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<th>Topic</th>
<th>Chairperson</th>
<th>Deputy Chairperson</th>
<th>Moderator</th>
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<td>Peace &amp; Security Council</td>
<td>Counter-Terrorism and Human Rights Protection in Africa: Preventing Wrongs without Violating Rights</td>
<td>Victor Ouko</td>
<td>Tinashe Handina</td>
<td>Sisipho Zinja</td>
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<td>Pan-African Parliament</td>
<td>Eradicating Threats to Food Security in Africa by 2025</td>
<td>Fabiola Kabera</td>
<td>Achraf Hamidi</td>
<td>Raissa Kanku</td>
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<tr>
<td>Executive Council</td>
<td>Ensuring Equitable Access to Primary Education in Sub-Saharan Africa</td>
<td>Rim Bettaieb</td>
<td>Luyando Katenda</td>
<td>Anjaana Bhairo</td>
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<tr>
<td>New Partnership for Africa’s Development (NEPAD)</td>
<td>Addressing Challenges to Maternal Health in Africa</td>
<td>Deepshika Parmessur</td>
<td>Ijeoma Nwuke</td>
<td>Abenezer Dara</td>
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<td>Southern African Development Community (SADC)</td>
<td>Eliminating Trade and Travel Barriers in SADC</td>
<td>Keith Mundangepfupfu</td>
<td>Grace Kinoti</td>
<td>Manhal Bouarada</td>
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<tr>
<td>United Nations Economic Commission for Africa</td>
<td>Africa and the Post-2015 Development Agenda</td>
<td>Ukairo Ukpai Ukairo</td>
<td>El Khansaa Kaddioui</td>
<td>Takunda Ushe</td>
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<tr>
<td>Assembly of Heads of State and Government (All delegates)</td>
<td>Africa: Moving from Potential to Action</td>
<td>Arnold Sanginga</td>
<td>Ramah Aleryan</td>
<td>Gigi Ngcobo</td>
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<tr>
<td>Press Corps</td>
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<td>Othmane Fourtassi</td>
<td>Umutesi Queen</td>
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ALAMAU 2014 in Pictures

Assembly of Heads of State & Government

Faculty Advisor Speaker Series

Opening Ceremony Keynote Speaker

Diplomatic Roundtable with the Ambassadors of Kenya, Ghana and Democratic Republic of Congo

Delegates from Brookhouse International School, Kenya
ALAMAU 2014 in Pictures

Visit to Apartheid Museum

Advisory Board on Corruption

Unmoderated Caucus

Assembly of Heads of State & Government

Fully Involved Faculty Advisor

Faculty Advisors
ALAMAU 2015
Administrative Staff

Arnold Nteranya Sanginga
Chairperson
Ramah Aleryan
Deputy Chairperson
Hayfa Achour
Director-General
Mariem Bchir
Director of Administration
Hossam Hamdy
Director of Media & Communications
Yazid Heddane
Director of Finance
Jeffrey Tchouambe
Director of Committee Dynamics
Brian Ngugi
Director of Marketing
Zackari Lawanson
Director of Multimedia
Samuel Opoku-Agyemang
Director of Information Technology
Winnie Mang'eni
Director of Social Media
Andrew Lewis
Assistant Director of Finance
Nana Ama Temeng
Assistant Director of Administration (West Africa)
Bernadetha Mshana
Assistant Director of Administration (East Africa)
ElBachir Boumhaout
Assistant Director of Administration (North Africa)
Kabelo Motsoeneng
Assistant Director of Administration (Southern Africa)
Brian Sherif Nasralla
Assistant Director of Multimedia
Waihuini Njoroge
Assistant Director of Committee Dynamics

ALAMAU 2015 Secretariat

ALAMAU 2015 Research Team

UN Economic Commission for Africa

Pan-African Parliament
Picture Gallery
Rules of Parliamentary Procedure

General Rules

1. **Language**: English will be the official and working language of the conference.

2. **Dress Code**: Throughout the conference, all delegates are expected to be dressed in formal attire – either Western Business Attire or traditional African attire. Formal attire for gentlemen consists of suits, dress shirts, dress pants, dress shoes and ties. Formal attire for ladies consists of pant suits, skirt suits, business dresses and dress shoes. Avoid denim, t-shirts, sneakers, clothes with art and provocative clothing. Dresses should have appropriate shoulder and knee-length coverage at all times.

3. **Attendance**: Delegates are expected to attend all committee sessions punctually, except excused by the Chair. Delegates noted to be perpetually late, or missing committee sessions may be denied participation certificates. Delegates may be excused from attending committee sessions in the case of medical emergencies, provided there is a signed note from the delegate’s faculty advisor, co-signed by the ALAMAU Chairperson.

4. **Roll Call**: A roll call will be conducted at the beginning of every committee session. During roll call, delegates will respond with either: ‘present’ or ‘present and voting’. Delegates responding ‘present’ may be permitted to abstain from voting during voting procedures, while delegates responding ‘present and voting’ must vote during all voting procedures.

5. **Quorum**: The Chair may declare a committee open and permit debate to proceed when at least one-third of the voting members of the committee are present. The presence of a majority of the members will be required for the vote on any substantive motion. A quorum will be assumed to be present unless specifically challenged by a Point of Order and shown to be absent.

6. **Courtesy**: Delegates will show courtesy and respect to the committee staff and to other delegates. The Moderator will immediately call to order any delegate who fails to comply with this rule.

7. **Electronic Devices**: No laptops, tablets, cell phones, or other electronic devices may be used in the committee room during formal debate or moderated caucus. Computers may be used outside the committee room during recess or in the committee room during unmoderated caucus.

Rules Governing Debate

8. **Agenda**: The first order of business for the committee will be the consideration of the agenda. Since all committees at ALAMAU 2015 have only one topic area, the agenda is automatically adopted. In the event of an international crisis or emergency, the committee Chair may call upon the committee to table debate on the current topic area so that the more urgent matter may be attended to immediately. Under such circumstances, a delegate may motion to table the topic and temporarily set the agenda to the crisis situation. After a resolution has been passed on the crisis, the committee will return to debate on the tabled topic.

9. **Debate**: After the agenda has been set, one continuously open speakers list will be established for the duration of the topic area, except as interrupted by procedural points or motions, caucuses, discussion of amendments, and introduction of draft resolutions. Speakers may speak generally on the topic being considered and may address any working paper or any draft resolution currently on the floor. A draft resolution can only be referred to as such once it has been introduced to the committee.

10. **Unmoderated Caucus**: An unmoderated caucus temporarily suspends formal debate and allows members to discuss ideas informally in the committee room. A motion for an unmoderated caucus is in order at any time when the floor is open, prior to closure of debate. The delegate making the motion must briefly explain the purpose of the motion and specify a time limit for the caucus, not to exceed twenty minutes. The motion will be put to a vote immediately, and a simple majority is required for passage. The Chair may prematurely end an unmoderated caucus if the Chair feels that the caucus has ceased to be productive, and this decision is not subject to appeal.

11. **Moderated Caucus**: The purpose of the moderated caucus is to facilitate substantive debate at critical junctures in the discussion. A motion for a moderated caucus is in order at any time when the floor is open, prior to closure of debate. Once raised, the motion will be voted on immediately, with a simple majority required for passage. If the motion passes, a speaker’s list will be opened and delegates will speak for the stipulated time.

12. **Suspension or Adjournment of the Meeting**: Whenever the floor is open, a delegate may move for the suspension of the meeting, to suspend all committee functions until the next meeting, for the adjournment of the meeting, or to suspend all committee functions for the duration of the conference. A motion to adjourn will not be in order until three quarters of the time scheduled for the last session have elapsed. The Chair may rule such motions dilatory; this decision is not subject to appeal. When in order, such a motion will not be debated but will be immediately put to a vote and will require a simple majority to pass.

Rules Governing Speeches

13. **References**: Delegates must always refer to each other in the third person. Delegates cannot address the committee in their personal capacity, and must thus refer to themselves as “the delegate of
...", rather than "I..." or "you..."

14. **Speakers List** The committee will have an open speakers list for the topic area being discussed. Delegates may add their names to the speakers list whenever the Chair asks for additions to the speaker’s list, provided those delegates are not already on the speakers list, and may remove their names from the list by a request in writing sent to the Dais. At the Chair’s discretion (usually only when a new speakers list is opened) the Chair may solicit/mandate delegates to be added to the speakers list if their participation has been limited up until that point.

15. **Speeches** No delegate may address the committee without having previously obtained the permission of the Chair. The Chair may call a speaker to order if his or her remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion, or offensive to committee members or staff.

16. **Speaking Time** When any speakers list is opened, the speaking time is automatically set to two minutes. Delegates may also make a motion to set a new speaking time at any time when points or motions are in order during formal debate. This motion requires a simple majority to pass.

### Rules Governing Substantive Matters

17. **Working Papers** Delegates may propose working papers for committee consideration. Working papers are intended to aid the committee in its discussion and formulation of resolutions and need not be written in resolution format. Working papers are not official documents, do not require formal introduction and do not have signatories.

18. **Resolutions** A resolution may be introduced when it receives the approval of the Chair and is signed by a quarter of members of the committee. Signing a resolution need not indicate support of the resolution, and the signatory has no further rights or obligations and may sign more than one draft resolution. Resolutions require a simple majority to pass unless otherwise stated in specific committee rules. More than one resolution may be on the floor at any one time, but at most one resolution may be passed per topic.

19. **Introducing Resolutions** Once a resolution has been approved as stipulated above and has been distributed, a delegate may make a motion to introduce the resolution. This motion requires only authorization by the Chair and does not require a substantive vote. Immediately after a draft resolution has been introduced and distributed, the Chair may entertain non-substantive points of clarification, typically used to address typographical, spelling, or punctuation errors. A resolution will remain on the floor until debate is postponed or the resolution has been passed.

20. **Amendments** Delegates may amend any resolution that has been introduced. An amendment must have the approval of the Chair and the signatures of all signatories to the original resolution. An approved amendment may be introduced when the floor is open. General debate will be suspended and two speakers lists will be established, one for and one against the amendment. Debate will alternate between each list. A motion to close debate will be in order after the committee has heard two speakers for the motion and two against, or when one of the speakers lists is exhausted. When debate is closed on the amendment, the committee will move to an immediate vote. After the vote, debate will return to the general speakers list.

### Rules Governing Voting

21. **Voting** Once committee is in voting procedure and all relevant motions have been entertained, the committee will vote on the resolutions on the floor. Voting occurs on each resolution in succession; once a resolution has been passed, no further resolutions will be voted on. In all matters, both substantive and procedural, each country will have one vote. Each vote may be a “Yes,” “No,” or “Abstain.” All matters will be voted upon by placards. A simple majority requires more “Yes” votes than “No” votes; abstentions are not counted toward either total. A 2/3 majority vote requires at least twice as many “Yes” votes as “No” votes.

22. **Conduct during Voting** After the Dais has announced the beginning of a vote and the committee chamber has been sealed, no delegate shall interrupt the voting except on a point of order regarding to the conduct of the actual vote.
Points and Motions

Points

At ALAMAU, there are several types of Parliamentary Points. Below, you can read about them and see their purpose.

1. **Point of Personal Privilege:**
   This point refers to the comfort and wellbeing of a delegate. It is raised by a delegate who feels uncomfortable during committee proceedings, either because of the conditions within the committee room or external conditions.

   “Point of Personal Privilege! Could the Air Conditioning be turned on, as it is a bit warm in here?”

2. **Point of Order:**
   Refers to the rules of Procedure
   A Point of Order is called if a delegate doesn't agree to a decision/ruling made by the chair. It isn’t debatable and it can’t interrupt the speaker

   “Point of Order! Is it in order for delegates to yield the floor more than once, as the floor was just yielded to Sierra Leone?”

3. **Point of Information:**
   This is a question directed to the delegate who has the floor about their delegation’s views or about the speech. It is a question to the speaker, not a comment! When you ask your Point of Information, remain standing as a mark of respect to the other delegate.

   “Does the delegate feel that the situation in Mali can be solved by bombing the hideout of terrorists?”

4. **Point of Parliamentary Enquiry:**
   A Point of Parliamentary Enquiry is a question on the Rules of Procedure, and is directed at the Chair.

   “Point of Parliamentary Enquiry! Could the chair explain what is meant by abstentions?”

Motions

Here are some examples of motions that may be moved at ALAMAU 2015. The Chair will typically ask, “Delegates, are there any points or motions on the floor?”

1. **Motion to Move into Moderated (or Unmoderated) Caucus**
   i. This motion can be moved by a delegate who wishes for the committee to discuss a specific aspect of a topic, which has not been considered.
   ii. The delegate that proposes this motion must specify the purpose for the caucus, the time limit and the allotted time to each speaker.
   iii. If the motion passes (for a moderated caucus), a speakers’ list is opened, the caucus commences immediately, and the delegate who moved the motion will be the first to speak. Other delegates on the speakers list may speak afterwards.

2. **Motion to Adjourn Debate:**
   i. This motion calls for the temporary stopping of debate
   ii. It may not interrupt a speaker
   iii. The caller of the motion will need to make a short speech on why debate should be adjourned, and therefore why the resolution should be tabled (put aside and debated after all other resolutions)
   iv. The chairs recognize speakers in favour and against this motion
   v. This motion is voted on and a simple majority is required for the motion to pass
   vi. Should the motion fail, debate will continue as normal

3. **Motion to Move to Voting Procedures:**
   i. This motion can be moved at the end of debate for delegates to begin voting on the resolution or clauses on the table
   ii. It may not interrupt the speaker
   iii. This motion can be moved by either a chair or delegate, but requires a “second”
   iv. Even if there are objections, it is up to the chair’s discretion to entertain the motion or not
   v. The chair can overrule the motion if there is a lot of time left for the resolution and more debate can be created in the house
A resolution is the culmination of the work of your committee. Resolutions represent the committee's final attempt to draw together the interests of many competing nations into a comprehensive solution that serves the interests of the collective continent. From the procedural perspective, the resolution is the formal document upon which the committee will take action via the amendment and voting processes. At ALAMAU, all committees will be tasked to come up with only ONE resolution, to reflect the practice of negotiation, collaboration and compromise. Additionally, all resolutions must be comprehensive and conceivable; no committee should pass an ambiguous resolution which is not implementable in practice. The resolution must take into consideration the peculiarities of the African continent, the powers of organs of the AU and the balance of power within the continent.

A resolution is a complex document that follows a strict format and reflects the negotiation, debate, and innovative proposals that the committee has produced. Before a resolution can be formally introduced into a committee, it must receive the approval of the committee Chair. The Chair will approve a resolution if it demonstrates an adequate understanding of the issue, answers the questions posed in the Study Guide, and has a wide base of support. A well-written resolution exhibits the following qualities:

**Familiarity with the problem:**
Relevant background information and previous international (UN, AU etc) actions should be referenced. In addition, a good resolution should keep in mind the actual power and influence of the committee. An ambiguous, unenforceable resolution is useless.

**Recognition of the issues:**
At the very least, the resolution should address the ideas in the “Questions a Resolution Must Answer” section of the Study Guide.

**Concision:**
Every clause and phrase has a purpose.

**Good form:**
An otherwise sound resolution may suffer from clumsy grammar or sloppy format.

The heading of a resolution should include the committee name, the list of sponsors, the list of signatories, and the topic addressed by the resolution.

**Important Points to Remember:**
A **Sponsor** is a country that fully supports the resolution, and has played a role in drafting it.

A **Signatory** does not necessarily support the resolution. By signing on to it, they are only expressing their desire to have the resolution introduced and debated. Being a signatory does not bind a country to voting in favour of a resolution.

The body of the resolution is written in the format of a long sentence.

1. The resolution begins with the name of the committee: "The Peace and Security Council," or "Pan-African Parliament." The rest of the resolution consists of clauses, with the first word of each clause underlined.

2. The next section, consisting of Preambulatory Clauses, describes the problem being addressed, recalls past actions taken, explains the purpose of the resolution, and offers support for the operative clauses that follow. Each clause in the preamble begins with an underlined participle and ends with a comma.

3. Operative Clauses are numbered and state the action to be taken by the body. These clauses all begin with present tense, active verbs, which are generally stronger words than those used in the Preamble. Each operative clause is followed by a semicolon except the last, which ends with a period.

Of course, compromise on resolutions is not always possible, as delegates must also protect their own national interests. Thus, every ALAMAU resolution passed does not have to be based entirely on compromise and consensus. Such a demand would ignore the essential national interests of the member nations of the AU. Compromise is not an end in itself, and neither is “the compromise resolution.” Delegates should never feel forced to unduly compromise their national interests for the sake of consensus. If a delegate does not agree with specific aspects of a resolution, they can lobby fellow delegates and negotiate for those clauses to be amended. If consensus cannot be reached, a delegate can vote against the resolution or abstain from voting.
ALAMAU in Numbers (2014–2015)

178 delegates
55% female delegates
45% male delegates

23 schools
72 organizing staff
30 faculty advisors

11 African Union organs and affiliated organizations simulated

38 nationalities represented by delegates:
Angola, Botswana, Brazil, Cameroon, Canada, Democratic Republic of Congo, Egypt, Eritrea, Ethiopia, Germany, Ghana, India, Indonesia, Japan, Kenya, Malawi, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Netherlands, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Portugal, Rwanda, Russia, South Africa, South Sudan, Spain, Sudan, Taiwan, Tanzania, Tunisia, Uganda, United Kingdom, United States of America, Zimbabwe

12 topics discussed

Trade
Corruption
Human Rights
Millennium Development Goals
Education
Maternal Health
Youth Unemployment
Food Security

55% female delegates
45% male delegates
2015 Participating Schools

Angola

Luanda International School
www.lisluanda.com

Ghana

SOS-Hermann Gmeiner International College
www.soshig.edu.gh

Kenya

Braeburn Garden Estate School
www.gardenestate.braeburn.com

Brookhouse International School
www.brookouse.ac.ke

Hillcrest International School
www.hillcrest.ac.ke

Lycee Denis Diderot/The French School
www.diderot.ac.ke

St. Mary’s School
www.stmarys.ac.ke

Malawi

Mount Sinai International School
mountsinaiinternationalschool.com

Mauritius

Royal College Curepipe
www.rcc.edu.govmu.org

Nigeria

Corona Secondary School
www.coronaschools.org

Redeemers International Secondary School
www.risseden.net

The Vale College
www.thevalecollege.com

Rwanda

International School of Kigali
www.iskr.org

South Africa

African Leadership Academy
www.africanleadershipacademy.org

Swaziland

Waterford Kamhlaba United World College
www.waterford.sz

Uganda

Aga Khan High School
www.agakhanschools.org/uganda

The International School of Uganda
www.isu.ac.ug
Global Scholars Program
A youth leadership program for teenagers from all over the world

Connecting future leaders to Africa
Revealing Africa to the world

www.alasummer.org

The Global Scholars Program (GSP) at African Leadership Academy is a 3-week leadership development experience for teenagers aged 15 to 19 from all over the world led by ALA’s Entrepreneurial Leadership faculty, graduates of the Academy, and educators from diverse professional backgrounds. GSP is an opportunity for young people to learn about the continent, build powerful global connections, and develop the skills they need to become agents of positive change in their communities.

The cost of GSP is USD 4200 per participant. Applications are accepted on a rolling basis and can be completed online. This year (2015), participants can apply for any one of the following GSP sessions:

**Session 1**
Monday, 29 June – Friday, 17 July

**Session 2**
Monday, 13 July – Friday, 31 July

**Session 3**
Saturday, 25 July – Wednesday, 12 August

If you have any questions about GSP you can send an email to summer@africanleadershipacademy.org or submit a query through our website www.alasummer.org and a member of the GSP Team will get back to you. We look forward to welcoming you to GSP this year!
ALAMAU 2016
African Leadership Academy Model African Union

March 16-20, 2016

Registration commences Monday April 16, 2015
info@alamau.org
www.alamau.org

Johannesburg, South Africa
HOW WILL YOU PLAY A ROLE IN TRANSFORMING AFRICA?

African Leadership Academy seeks to transform Africa by identifying, developing and connecting a powerful network of 6,000 leaders over 50 years who will work together to achieve extraordinary social impact on the continent.

KEY PROGRAMS

Two-Year Pre-University Program
- 16 - 19 year old students
- Courses in Entrepreneurial Leadership, African Studies, Writing & Rhetoric and Cambridge A-Levels
- admissions@africanleadershipacademy.org

Catalyst Term
- Four or nine-month study abroad programme for developing catalysts of social change. Focus on Entrepreneurial Leadership and African Studies
- admissions@africanleadershipacademy.org

Global Scholars Program (GSP)
- 15 - 19 year old students
- Three-week International entrepreneurial leadership summer camp
- www.alasummer.org

BUILD-in-a-Box Camps
- Entrepreneurial leadership camps held across Africa to enable young people to design and lead ventures
- info@africanleadershipacademy.org

The Anzisha Prize
(In partnership with The MasterCard Foundation)
- Youth entrepreneurship award for 15 - 22 year old Africans.
- $75,000 in prize money
- www.anzishaprize.org

ALA Model African Union
- 15 – 19 year old students
- Five-day conference simulating the African Union
- www.alamau.org

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Website: www.africanleadershipacademy.org
Phone: +27 11 699 3000
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African Leadership Academy
Developing the next generation of African leaders